## Problem 12 (The complex conjugate representation 1)

Consider two N-dimensional representations  $\phi_1$ ,  $\phi_2$  of SU(N) and U(N), where  $\phi_1(u) = u$ , and  $\phi_2(u) = u^*$ , show that  $\phi_1$ ,  $\phi_2$  are

- (1) equivalent for SU(2),
- (2) inequivalent for U(2),
- (3) inequivalent for SU(N) (N > 2).

## Problem 13 (From the lecture)

- (1) Let H be a subgroup of G and [G:H]=2. Show that  $H \triangleleft G$ .
- (2) Let Z(G) be the center of group G. Show that if G/Z(G) is cyclic, then G is abelian.

## Problem 14 (A few normal subgroups)

Show that

- (1)  $SL(n,\kappa) \triangleleft GL(n,\kappa)$ , and
- (2)  $A_n \triangleleft S_n$ .

## Problem 15 (Commutator subgroup)

For  $g_1, g_2 \in G$ , define the group commutator

$$[g_1, g_2] = g_1 g_2 g_1^{-1} g_2^{-1}.$$

The commutator subgroup [G,G] is the subgroup generated by all the commutators. Show that

- (1)  $[G,G] \triangleleft G$ , and
- (2) If  $H \triangleleft G$ , then G/H is abelian if and only if [G,G] is a subgroup of H.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>p. 79 of [GM]